

SPOT'S PICTURE OF THE MONTH

Bette Davis, leaping from a plane stead of sand, and 17 needles landed on location*, landed on cactus in
*—In the motion picture "The Bride Came C. O. D."



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FRED FELDKAMP-Editor RAY STARK-Hollywood Editor **APRIL**, 1941

Photos exclusively for SPOT by A. Eriss on pages 16-17; by Bill Karsten on page 27; by Ralph Morris on pages 18-19; by Andre La Terza on pages 14-15; by Harry Frees on pages 24-25-26; by Hellman of P. P. C. on page 34; by Auerbach of F. P. G. on pages 28-29.

Hollywood photos by SPOT'S staff photographer, Charles Rhodes, on pages 20-21-30-31-32-33.

Special photos by Free Lance Photographers Guild, Penguin, Acme, International, Wide World.

SPOT will welcome contributions of unusual, entertaining pictures. For each one used we will pay \$5.

STOTHEHI ON SPORTS

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN_

America's No. 1 Arena Can Handle Anything

1—Among the most spectacular Garden attractions are the Ice Follies, above, and the Henie show, which lure hundreds of thousands of dollars into the box office.

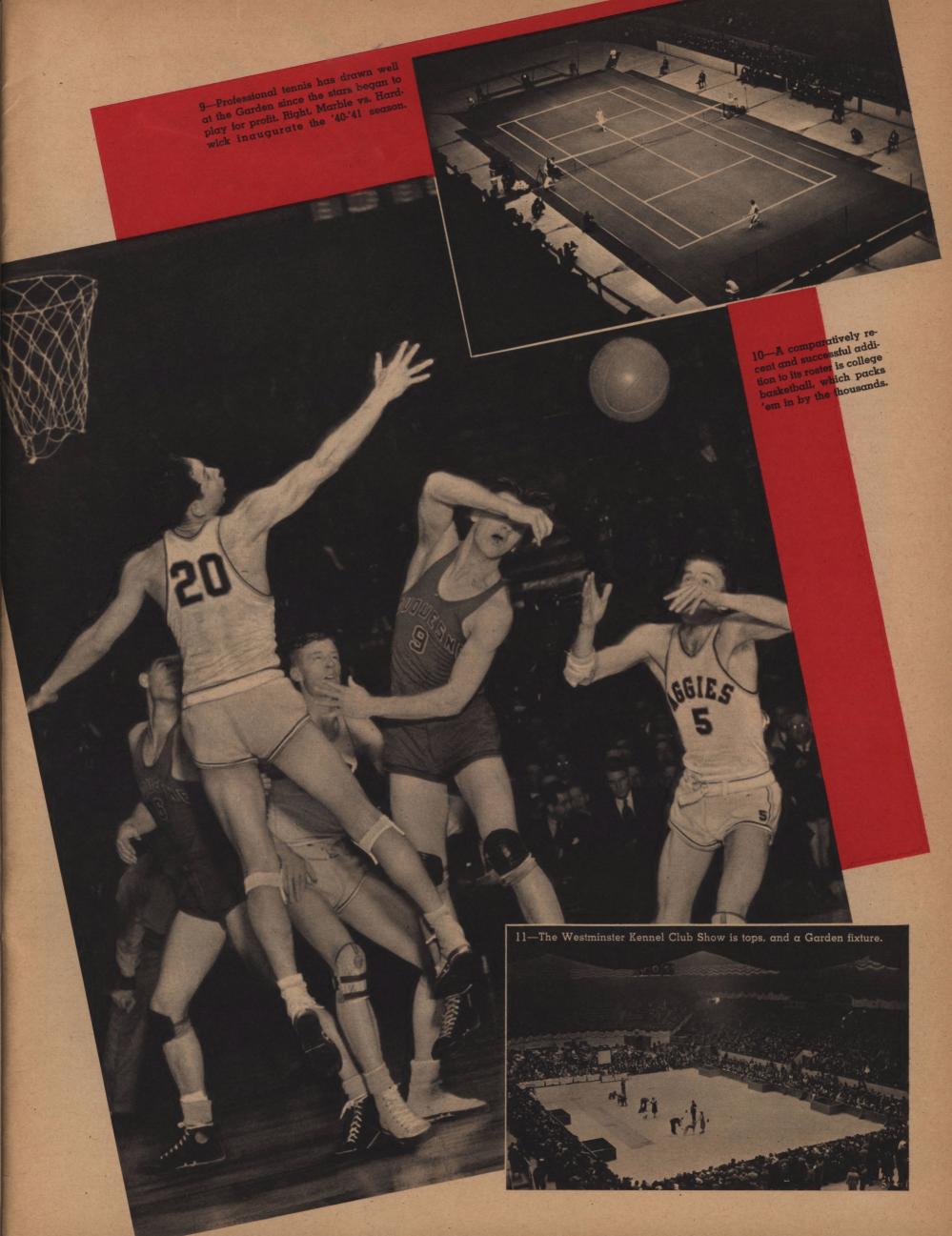


2—At the National Horse Show handsome and expert riders and horses, performing on the tanbark, vie for attention with the top crust of Society, on exhibition in the boxes. Major Yanez of Chile is stopped by the speedray camera clearing the show's toughest jump.

HEN the final history of mass entertainment is written in gold on the pages of time Madison Square Garden will rate a chapter. Not even the Roman Coliseum will outrank this Eighth Wonder of the World, which nightly changes—from hockey rink, to fight arena, basketball court to stage any indoor sport. It is the national Mecca of Mr. and Mrs. Fan, and an athlete performing under its flood. lights has arrived—win, lose, or draw. The champions and runners-up of politics have set its walls to echoing; great names in every field of endeavor have studded its mass meetings. Neither on Madison Square, nor a garden, this successor to Stanford White's original structure can seat from 14,750 (for the horse show) to 21,500 (for a Built at a cost of \$5,500,000, it recently paid off the last slice of its \$3,000,000 mortgage. The Garden has achieved the rare combination, for a sport arena, of prestige and profit. SPOT shows you a few of its thousand and one

3—From Reds to Republicans, every political faction comes to the key state of New York and the Garden for its major rally. Successful defense of his championship brought FDR here twice.





Gife in Khaki IS NOTHING LIKE THE CARTOONS



3-Mama may think hostesses spend evenings playing strip-poker with the boys . . .



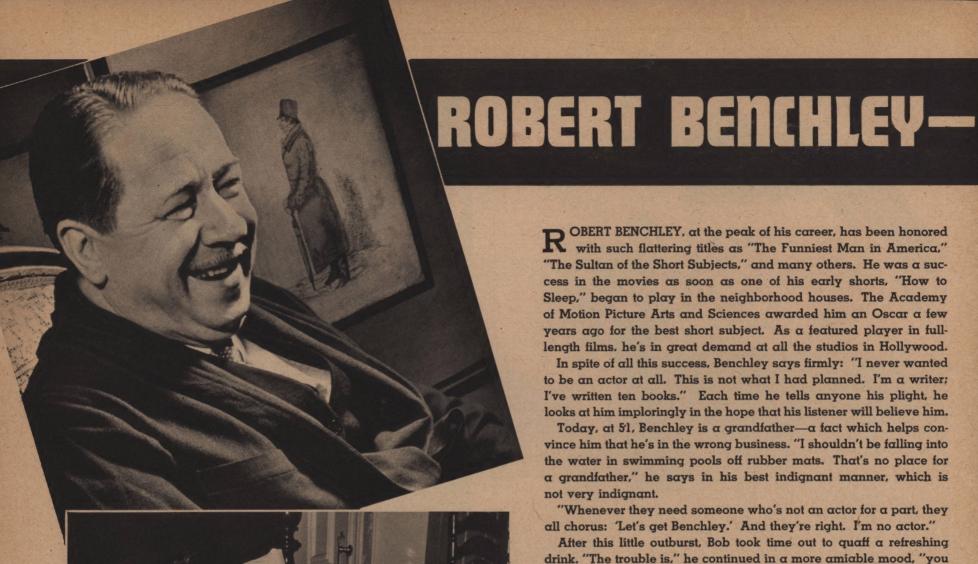




6—Miss Ethel Logan, Dix senior hostess, center, as liaison officer greets chaperones.



7—Johnny's Ma may vision a Saturday 8—But the wild party in reality is nothing night camp party as a wild drinking orgy.... but an evening of healthful roller skating.







Top, an interesting candid character study of Bob Benchley the grandfather. Center, Bob in a "what was that noise?" pose from his most discussed short subject, "How to Sleep." They keep Bob active on the set, as at bottom where he has to fall off a raft in "The Reluctant Dragon," the new Disney film.

OBERT BENCHLEY, at the peak of his career, has been honored R OBERT BENCHLET, at the peak of the Funniest Man in America." "The Sultan of the Short Subjects," and many others. He was a success in the movies as soon as one of his early shorts, "How to Sleep," began to play in the neighborhood houses. The Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences awarded him an Oscar a few years ago for the best short subject. As a featured player in fulllength films, he's in great demand at all the studios in Hollywood.

In spite of all this success, Benchley says firmly: "I never wanted to be an actor at all. This is not what I had planned. I'm a writer: I've written ten books." Each time he tells anyone his plight, he looks at him imploringly in the hope that his listener will believe him.

Today, at 51, Benchley is a grandfather—a fact which helps convince him that he's in the wrong business. "I shouldn't be falling into the water in swimming pools off rubber mats. That's no place for a grandfather," he says in his best indignant manner, which is not very indignant.

"Whenever they need someone who's not an actor for a part, they all chorus: 'Let's get Benchley.' And they're right. I'm no actor."

After this little outburst, Bob took time out to quaff a refreshing drink. "The trouble is," he continued in a more amiable mood, "you can't turn down the money they pay you in Hollywood. And I still have a son who has two years to go in college. Otherwise, I'd settle for a \$65-a-week writing job."

This turn in his career from writing to acting is not a natural progression, according to Benchley. He can understand about a person starting out as an actor and ending up as a writer, but not the reverse. "At my age, this is not my idea of climbing the ladder," he

HE legend of Benchley the funny man has been a long time growing, and it's now gathering more and more momentum. He undoubtedly has made enough witty remarks to justify the "funny man" label, but now almost every clever crack that was ever made is attributed to him. Benchley is the first to disclaim credit for all

Many of the classic stories about his early career are nothing but amusing stories, with no basis whatever in fact, Bob says flatly. One of the tall tales which has been given the widest circulation, including publication in the Saturday Evening Post, concerns the signs which Benchley and Dorothy Parker were supposed to have had lettered on the door of the office they shared. The way the story is told these days the sign read: "Utica Drop Forge & Tool Co., Robert Benchley, President; Dorothy Parker, President. Cable address-Park-Bench."

This, says Benchley, is just not true. There was never any sign on the door. Another similar story making the rounds is that Mrs. Parker had the word "Men" lettered on her door, to insure a steady stream of male company. This also is pure fable.

"There was never any sign on the door," Benchley says with authority, "but people still come up to me and tell me they remember seeing the sign there."

Don't get the idea, though, that all the lines attributed to Bob are not his, or that he never says anything funny. After a hard day's work on one of his shorts one summer afternoon a year or two ago, Bob did sigh and exclaim, as he arrived home: "Now out of these wet clothes and into a dry martini!" This line has already gained wide word-of-mouth circulation, and will soon take its place alongside other classic remarks like, "Who was that lady I seen you with

Benchley's career as a humorist goes back quite a long way. He

HE'D RATHER WRITE THE NATION OUT JOKES THAN ACT THEM OUT

first showed signs of his later leanings in Harvard. Bob would entertain his fellow classmates at informal gatherings from time to time. On one such occasion he showed up armed with an umbrella and a napkin for props. The umbrella was pressed into service as a pointer, and the napkin served as a screen, while "Professor" Benchley gave an illustrated lecture on the woollen-mitten industry.

"Our first slide," Bob orated, "shows that in 1904 it took 1,487 man-hours to produce 1905, which, in turn, required 3,586 man-hours to hold its own. This made 3,000,000 foot-pounds of energy, a foot-pound being the number of feet in a pound. This is, of course, all per capita... Next slide, please!... I'm afraid my assistant has it in upside down... There! That's better!"

Further examples of the Benchley zany streak showed up in subsequent lectures by "Senator" Benchley, the "Reverend" Benchley, and "Captain" Benchley, daring leader of the Benchley-Gleeber expedition.

He was elected to the staff of the Lampoon, Harvard's comic magazine, with very little opposition, and shortly he saw his first attempt at professional humor in print. It was a cartoon (Benchley started as an artist) and showed two scrubwomen near a garbage can. One asked, "Ain't it offal, Mable?"

Since those early days, fortunately, Benchley's fondness for the pun as a form of humor has lessened considerably.

When asked by a professor to submit a thesis on how to do something practical, Benchley turned in a semi-scholarly, semi-humorous essay titled, "How to Embalm a Corpse." Even though it met with a rather cool reception, Benchley was not disheartened. It was in this thesis that the seeds were sown for his subsequent instructive movie shorts, in which he demonstrates "How to" accomplish any bit of business the hard way.

AFTER his graduation from Harvard in 1912, Bob drifted around considerably. His versatility came in handy during the next few years, for he held such widely different jobs as secretary to the Director at the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, social director of the Russell Paper Company, obituary writer for the old New York Tribune, and press agent. In each case he was fired before he had a chance to get accustomed to his surroundings. During one of his periods of unemployment, he acquired a wife—and later a son, Nathaniel.

In 1918 Bob sold some humorous articles to Vanity Fair, a satirical magazine. The editor liked his amusing outlook, as presented in his pieces, and early in 1919 hired him as managing editor at \$100 a week.

His ascension to the staff of Vanity Fair marked the turning point in his career. Although he was never really happy while he was in this magazine's employ, his future began to take shape, for it was on Vanity Fair that he was thrown into close association with Robert Sherwood, now a famous playwright, and Dorothy Parker, the celebrated writer with the acid wit. These three staff members became pals at once, and indulged in so many office pranks that the editor, Frank Crowninshield, was constantly forced to suspend them. The trio would repent, and reinstatement would follow. After this routine had been going on for more than half a year, Crowninshield tired of getting nowhere with his suspensions and fired Sherwood. Next to go was Dorothy Parker, who had written two stinging reviews of plays which brought protests from the producers of the plays in question—who happened to be Florenz Ziegfeld and David Belasco. These indignant letters, which ordinarily would not have been given such serious consideration, had a "last straw" effect on Crowninshield and he gave Mrs. Parker a two-weeks' notice.

At the time, Benchley was totally dependent on his salary, and his family had just been increased by the birth of another son, Bob, Jr. Nonetheless, he informed his editor that he didn't care to work for a magazine which refused to stand in back of the opinions of its reviewers. He quit when Mrs. Parker left, in January, 1920.

For the last 20 years his rise has been rapid. He was taken on by Life Magazine (then devoted to humor) as dramatic critic—at the sizable salary of \$250 a week. Again he found himself working alongside Sherwood, Life's new movie critic.

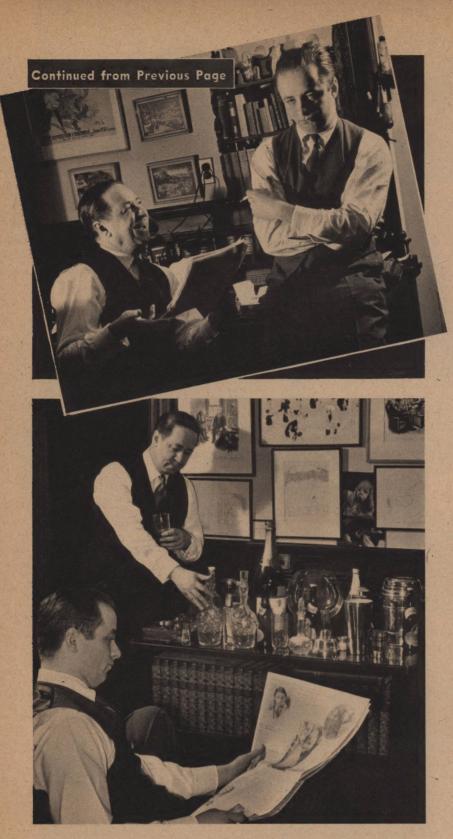
[Continued on next page]







Benchley is fanatically neat, and will take time out to get the scrap into the basket every time, as above. After a short period of work in his Hollywood home he takes time out for a game of solitaire. Ah-ah, no fair peeking. Bottom, he's overcome with curiosity in the Disney studio.





Benchley tries out his new scripts on his son, Nathaniel, who's a pretty tough audience, top. Bob's New York apartment is filled with pictures and geegaws which fascinated him. There's also a well-stocked bar, center. The pantry is used as storage room for miscellaneous purchases he makes.

Benchley himself considers that he was "made" as a drama critic by a fluke, while he was working for Life. On the evening of May 23, 1922—which struck him then as a perfectly uneventful night—Benchley went to the Fulton Theatre to see the opening of a play called "Abie's Irish Rose." It presented the tribulations of an Irish girl in love with a Jewish boy, and the difficulties they encountered with their respective families because of the difference in their religion. All the critics, including Benchley, panned it unmercifully. Bob called it "among the season's worst."

The show instead of folding up, amazed everyone by continuing to play to a well-filled theatre. Besides the columns carrying Benchley's reviews of new plays, there was in each issue a short list of summaries of the plays already running on Broadway. In this department, Benchley was forced to list "Abie's Irish Rose" week after week, with some short comment about the play. After the first few weeks the show was a definite box-office hit—the audiences which enjoyed it told their friends about it, and they came in spite of the unfavorable reviews. Benchley found himself embarrassed by the necessity of saying something after the title of the show each week. He stuck to his opinion, and soon was printing gags like "Will the Marines NEVER come?" after the title. The sale of Life increased, as many metropolitan readers bought it each week just to see what new line Benchley was using as an alibi. This, of course, focussed the eyes of theatrical people on the bright young Life critic.

"Abie's Irish Rose" ran for 316 weeks, and for a little over six years Benchley ran a new line a week about the show. Some of them are classics: even the ones lifted bodily from Joe Miller's joke book seemed hilarious under the circumstances. Each line suggested to the reader a vivid picture of Benchley squirming in embarrassment at being forced to acknowledge the show's continued success. This same quality was later to help make Benchley's tenminute movies among the most popular short subjects ever produced.

On the first birthday of "Abie's Irish Rose" the cast sent Benchley a birthday cake—in grateful acknowledgment of the part he played in the show's success. Later Benchley offered prizes for the best lines submitted to be run in the usual space. Harpo Marx copped the prize one week with "No worse than a bad cold."

OME of Benchley's own best lines which convulsed theatregoers over the six-year span were, "Where do the people come from who keep this going? You don't see them out in the daytime": "My, my, here it is November again" (after two years) "Come on now! A joke's a joke."

In 1929, a year after "Abie's Irish Rose" had stopped giving him night-mares, Benchley, by now firmly established as the funniest drama critic in New York, switched to The New Yorker magazine, where he did his weekly theatre column and contributed humorous pieces on the side. Many of these latter were subsequently reprinted in his various books.

The titles of some of these zany volumes present an accurate indication of Benchley's type of wit—"My Ten Years in a Quandary, and How They Grew," "No Poems, or Around the World Backwards and Sideways," and "After 1903, What?" to name a few.

While he was working on Life, he had several casual meetings with Marc Connelly, the playwright, who thought Benchley's manner of speaking very funny. When he heard that Bob had addressed smokers and banquets, Connelly induced him to appear at a one-night performance of a show called "No, Siree!" which he was putting on for the amusement of himself and his friends. The performers were all stars—except for Benchley, who was not even listed on the program. Most of the hand-picked spectators had never seen Benchley before, and he was understandably nervous when he walked out on the stage. Fortunately, the monologue he had written for the purpose called for this type of timid, Caspar Milquetoast character. It was called "The Treasurer's Report"—and it turned out to be a bewildering collection of statistics presented with a great deal of confusion and throat-clearing by a little mousy treasurer at a company meeting. It brought down the house.

Many of the famous writers and composers in the audience raved about Benchley's performance for weeks; most enthusiastic was Irving Berlin, who signed him for "The Third Music Box Revue." Bob delivered "The Treasurer's Report" in this show nightly throughout its nine-months' run, and followed this with ten additional weeks in vaudeville. It later became the title of one of his books, in which it was the feature piece. This volume was a huge success and was translated into several foreign languages.

"The Treasurer's Report" itself is a short article of about a thousand words, which Benchley wrote in outline form in a taxicab while riding to the first rehearsal of Connelly's show.



In 1928 he became a motion picture actor, working in Hollywood in the summer when the theatrical season in New York was at its ebb point. He made six short subjects for Fox Films, one of which was the first all-talking picture made—"The Treasurer's Report."

"Most people think of 'The Jazz Singer' as the first talkie," Bob explains, "but that was just the first movie with sound accompaniment. 'The Treasurer's Report' was the first all-talkie."

Next he made a few shorts for RKO-Radio, where he put in most of his time writing. Soon he moved to

M-G-M, and continued his movie-writing chores. Occasionally he'd suggest that they let him make a few short subjects. "I made some for Fox a few years ago," he'd say. One of the Metro officials surprised him one day by saying he'd take a look at the Fox shorts.

"We phoned Fox," Benchley explains, "and they said they never heard of 'em. Already I was a writer again."

Later, though, when M-G-M had decided to do a short in an educational vein based on a test worked out by the Mellon Institute and the Simmons Bed Co. on the number and variety of positions an average man strikes in the course of a normal eight-hour sleep, Benchley was picked to write the script. As it came from Bob's typewriter, the whole thing seemed pretty funny. The executives decided to do it as a comedy, and suggested that Bob act the leading role. "How to Sleep" was promptly filmed; it met an enthusiastic response all over the country, and won the Academy Award as the Best Short Subject of the year. Also Benchley's doom was sealed. They wanted him to make one short after another—"and they pay such big money I couldn't turn them down." There are now about 25 Benchley shorts being shown and reshown at movie houses around the country, and he's busy making more right now.

THE popularity of his shorts is doubtless due to his formula of placing himself in situations which everyone in the audience has already experienced. In almost every case he represents the ineffectual husband who is constantly and unwittingly doing things that irritate his wife to the screaming point. This, Bob thinks, strikes the women in the audience funny—because in many instances it parallels their own experiences—and women are easier to start laughing, he claims. The studios also lure him into playing feature parts in full-length pictures as often as possible—usually allowing him to write his own lines, as in "Foreign Correspondent."

Besides some new shorts, he has just finished a new picture with Deanna Durbin, "Nice Girl," in which he plays Deanna's father, in addition to a new Disney film, "The Reluctant Dragon," in which Benchley is the only flesh-and-blood actor.

Benchley's radio career, while not exactly short-lived, was no smash success. He was featured on a program for about two years, but Bob was very rarely hilariously funny. A good reason for this may be found in the fact that his sponsor insisted on having a couple of radio "writers" supply Benchley with his material, so that Bob simply read the script. The "writers" included a lot of weak gags, which could have been delivered by any radio comedian; very often, after a particularly bad one, Benchley would add some apologetic excuse, not in the script. This would invariably turn out to get a much bigger laugh from the studio audience than the gag preceding it. He felt greatly relieved when his contract expired.

As a companion, Benchley is just about perfect. He's very easy to get along with, and laughs heartily and genuinely when the person he's with says anything the least bit funny.

The saddening note in his life, as he sees it, is that he never has time to write any more humorous articles, and he doesn't have time to see his old friends as often as he'd like to. Even Gluyas Williams, who draws those inimitable caricatures of Bob for his books, sees Benchley only once a year now. "He makes a special trip down from Newton Center, Massachusetts, every year," says Benchley. "And that's mostly to see how fat I've got, so he can alter his drawings."

*--Drawing by Gluyas Williams from "My Ten Years in a Quandary, and How They Grew," by Robert Benchley. Published by Harper & Brothers.

IN THE SPOTLIGHT NEXT MONTH—

RLICE MARBLE





One of Benchley's biggest problems is where to find space for the books he's always buying. Bob once played cello in his youth, but he has a little trouble with it these days. Bottom, Benchley in a typical pose; here he managed to get his rubbers and one shoe off before falling asleep.





A REDSKIN TAKES A



1—The wedding march circles the village many times. The braves ride and the squaws walk, the toms toms are beaten constantly and stray dogs bark. The parade gives everyone a chance to display his finery. It's followed by a feast of buffalo meat, beef, and crackers.

A n INDIAN wedding, celebrated among the tribes men of the American Northwest, is a peaceful tableau handed down from yesterday.

When Standing Bear married Running Deer, a SPOT photographer attended to record the primitive rites and festivities. The wedding pair are members of the Assiniboins, who live both in the United States and Canada.

Coming together at the reservation, in the Province of Alberta, the braves, squaws, and their offspring celebrate the event with vast rejoicing. Pitching their tepees close together, these sociable folk form a little community. The occasion provides a grand opportunity for swapping gifts and gossip.



2—Before the tribal ceremony is enacted the white man's legal version must be performed. Running Deer and Standing Bear borrow a car to drive to the Baptist Mission. They put on ordinary clothes for the trip and seem to have a young stowaway, right.



3—Moon Cloud, handsome 10-year-old, is a combination Cupid and best man. Proud of his deertail headdress, he serves as a messenger between the groom and the bride-elect's father.

SQUAW



wedding - day weather

Laughing Elk, her father, left, and Horseman Tommy, his father, both in formal costume.



6—The Indian marriage is performed by the bride's father "giving her away." He joins the couple's hands in what is usually α private ceremony. Her mother sits at left. The bride wore buckskin.



7—For their honeymoon they take a one or two-day trip into the wilds, where they live in crude shelters. When they return they'll set up housekeeping in the skeleton tepee, left, which is always provided for the young Indian couple by the tribe.





1—The box on which lovely Vivi Brown is standing is intended to represent an auction block, and Sultan Scott gives her a careful once-over. Slave girls Barbara Moffett, Doris Houck, and Jean Wallace await their turn.

GORILLAS PREFER BLONDES

THE legend of "Beauty and the Beast" is so old that no one seems able to remember when and where it originated. Some of the people we asked claim it's even older than many of the jokes you hear on the radio. In spite of its age as a story, it's still popular enough to prompt fun-seekers by the thousands to jam their way into Hollywood's Florentine Gardens, where the legend is recreated twice each night.

N. T. G., who acts as genial master of ceremonies at the show, has assembled a group of the most beautiful girls in the country to act out the story with Emil van Horn, who plays the part of the gorilla as naturally as though he'd spent all his life in the jungle, and Sultan Fred Scott. Ingagi, the gorilla, eyes each one of the lovely ladies before deciding on his prize. There are, of course, other numbers in the Florentine Gardens floor show—also featuring N. T. G.'s shapely slave girls, but "Beauty and the Beast" is the spectacle the customers come to see.





4—But the gorilla's fondness for Miss Houck is only temporary—he picks up Jean Wallace as his final choice. The Sultan is not so easily outsmarted, and he lets Ingagi have it with his whip. N.T.G. watches nonchalantly, at right.



5—Determined to put an end to these interruptions for good, Ingagi deposits Jean in a safe place and lights out after the Sultan. Catching up with him in a flower-bed high on a side wall, Ingagi gives him the throttling he deserves.



ANYTHING TO

HOLLYWOOD press agents depend heavily on gags to focus public attention on their studio's productions. Naturally, newspapers and magazines will print pictures of entertaining and unusual stunts, calling attention to the latest "best picture ever made" where it will do the most good—among the patrons.

To plug "The Thief of Bagdad" Press Agent Russ Birdwell put a supposedly frustrated actor on a high platform to "sell his act" near the Carthay Circle Theater.



2—His girl friend, Beatrice, an extra, brings him cigarettes as the shutters click away.



3—Beatrice begs him to come down, to forget about his career and this mad adventure. The sad comedian, hookah in hand, declines to be rescued.



4—His refusal to be saved from a fate worse than unemployment irks Beatrice no end. She descends from the \$300 tower in a bit of a huff.

GET IN THE PAPERS



5—Angry and envious of his publicity, she gives him the business.

6—Phil chases her down fast and the hose battle, right, is on.



7—When "Bagdad" Monte gets control of the portable shower Beatrice earns her day's pay.



THE DE MILLE OF ANIMAL PICTURES

he makes. This is but a small part



HARRY W. FREES became a leading photographer of animals in costume because he was given a toy hat and because a cat coveted a half-eaten roast.

The hat, sent as a gag by a friend, arrived just as the Frees family had finished dinner in their Pennsylvania home. As Rags, the family tabby, wondered whether she could make off with the remains of the meat course Frees popped the hat on her head. In a single ludicrous moment, before the outraged pet disentangled herself, an idea and a career were born.

Of his odd profession, Mr. Frees declares, "There has been nothing 'accidental' about it except the beginning. The rest has been patient and persistent work."

He started out by outfitting Rags, who presumably bowed to the inevitable, and photographing her in more or less natural poses.

"I didn't even dream then of photographing animals in the difficult poses you see in the pictures I make now," Mr. Frees told SPOT.

It took him several years to perfect his technique for posing his models on their hind legs long enough to make good pictures and he considers this ability to "freeze" these naturally active animals, for even a few seconds, his greatest achievement. He uses a slow shutter speed-never less than one-half second-with an old-fashioned view camera, so the little guys have to "hold it" very steadily. Even with his great skill he meets with more failures than successes.

His animals are not trained, in the usual sense of the word. He neither intimidates nor punishes them, but by his knowledge of animal reactions can frequently tell how they will act under various circumstances. He has found that kittens' attention can be held by move-

ment, puppies' by sounds. In the latter instance a bark outside the studio disrupts the sitting.

Mr. Frees prefers to photograph kittens, especially Persians, to pups-since he thinks the cats have a "cute and appealing eagerness" which the dogs lack. Posing any animal "asleep" is the easiest way. They doze off and have to be wakened when the



shots are made, he insists. But once he removes the model's costume he seems to know his job is finished and it's impossible to get him to pose any more that day. In many respects, according to Mr. Frees, his animals' intelligence equals that of young children.

Animal vanity contributes to the Frees success. When he gets them all dressed up they feel that their dignity is impaired, but that it will be further impaired if they attempt to move about. So they stand still.

His No. 1 aversion is the little pig-regardless of what Walt Disney thinks of him. The piglet, he says, "has a burning hatred for photographers in general and you in particular" and constantly shows it. All his models are borrowed and returned when they get too old, and too willful, to pose—eliminating the disposal problem. His pictures, and these reprinted verses which accompany them are widely sold in low-priced children's books.

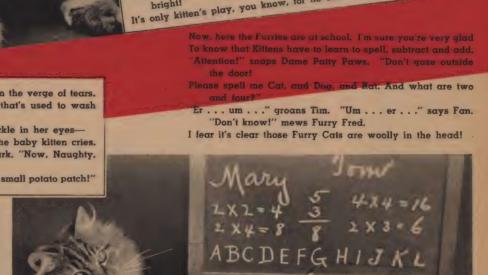






Poor Tabitha. She hates a bath. She's on the verge of tears. She simply loathes the flannel square that's used to wash her ears.

And, ugh, the nasty soap suds that trickle in her eyes—
"Oh, Emma Bark, I'm clean enough!" the baby kitten cries.
"Well, that you're not," says Emma Bark. "Now, Naughty,
don't you scratch!

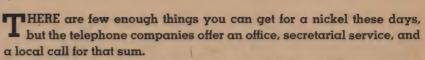




GET THAT EXECUTIVE FEELING FOR A NICKEL



1—The five-cent office affords a very comfortable swivel chair, French-type phone, fan, memo pad, and pencil. This one has amplification for the deaf.



For instance, in Rockefeller Center, Grand Central Terminal, and a couple of other busy Manhattan spots a man or woman with no more than the price of a coke can get service that would do justice to a 24carat executive. The secretary is a specially-trained and attractive operator. She takes your number-and your nickel-refers you to one of the numbered booths, in which she turns on the light.

Your "office" is comfortable and has all the conveniences necessary for conducting your business. If your party is busy you leave your switchboard number. When you are called back the operator says smilingly, "For you in Booth 3, sir," and you feel like a bigshot.



2-A. C. Krause, New London ship broker, greets Mary French by name. They are old friends since Krause frequently uses the "executive phones" when in N. Y.



3-As a buyer and seller of used ships, Mr. Krause makes many longdistance calls. With a syndicate he has sold a number of vessels to Britain.



The person he was calling was busy so he left his number and stepped out for a smoke. Miss French will tell him when his party finally calls back. tomers drop in and spend the afternoon conducting their local business.



5—This de luxe telephone service is so popular that many transient cus-

THEY BUILD BY MIGHT

Sparetime Craftsmen
Make This Community
Workshop Hum

T ALL began when a couple of guys, a flier and an accountant, wanted to build things. They had neither the right place to work nor the tools needed—but they did something about it, and the tremendously successful Build-It-Yourself workshop was born.

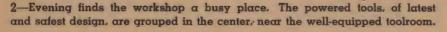
Today scores of men and women, ranging from ministers and doctors to sailors and laborers, professional women and housewives, flock to the huge San Francisco loft Eddie Husted and Neal Jacobs converted into an amateur craftsmen's paradise.

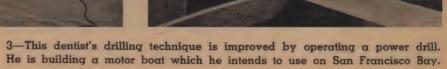
Having plenty of space to start with, they installed \$5,000 worth of wood and metal working tools, bought on credit from impressed manufacturers; provided expert assistants and welcomed the world at an hourly fee.

Everything is made in the shop from roundthe-world schooners to hobby horses, most of it useful, and produced with economy and pleasure.

1—Two drug store employees work on a 40 ft. sea-going ketch. In two years they will have a \$3,000 craft for \$1,500.









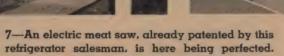


4—These men designed and are building a lightweight Diesel engine, a very advanced project.

5—This couple have occupied this space more than four months to build furniture for their home.



6—Betty and Bob met in the shop and decided to build a boat. Coaching is provided by Eddie Husted.





8—Seventy percent of the workshop is used to build all kinds of boats—from rowboats to trans-Pacific yachts. The oarlocks make this woman's job complete.



9—Shifty-legged hobby horses, such as are seen in nightclubs, are fun to build and fun to ride afterward—as this young couple is finding out.

TSK! TSK! MISS BARNES TORUM TORUM TO A RECENT NEWS ITEM, CAR CORDING to A recent news item, CAR CORDING to A recent news to start at the cordinal control of the cordinal con



CCORDING to a recent news item, ac-A tress Binnie Barnes plans to start an injunction suit against Columbia Pictures if they refuse to delete what she calls an "undressed" scene in "This Thing Called Love." The scene in the picture shows Gloria Dick. son tearing the clothes from Miss Barnes. Binnie says she was tricked into appearing in this state of undress on the screen. After Miss Dickson had done her worst, Miss Barnes was left in an abbreviated pair of black undies. The whole scene, it appears, had originally been planned so that Miss Barnes would appear only as a silhouette, and both she and her bridegroom, ex-tootball star Mike Frankovich, were burned up. As we go to press the whole thing's up in the air, but the joker in the deal, for us, is a set of pictures of Miss Barnes which we had in our files. They were snapped at regular performances of Noel Coward's group of one-act plays, "Tonight at 8:30"—presented at El Capitan Theater in Los Angeles.



strenuously objects. Gloria Dickson, right, is still clawing away, but Binnie never gets any closer to appearing in the "altogether" than she is in this photo. Binnie wants this cut from the film.

2—Gallant Melvyn Douglas helps her into a wrap after the battle with Miss Dickson had been terminated. This demure pose was also frowned on by Binnie as being immodest.







3—Don't look now, but here's a shot of Binnie and Reginald Gardiner on the stage. That's Binnie taking off her pants.

4—In this satirical scene from "Tonight at 8:30," Binnie walked casually about the stage without so much as a blush.

5—Leaning fetchingly forward, Binnie waits with lively anticipation for Reggie's next remark. Binnie did this routine before a packed house nightly.





HOMESPUN

GETS INTO STORE CLOTHES



1—Fonda makes a bad start when a waiter spills a tray of food on his tailcoat. He retires, flustered, and pulls down a portiere.

ENRY FONDA has been appearing in a large number of earthy and historical movies in which his costumes were unexciting—even crude. So he was very happy when he was cast as star of Paramount's "The Lady Eve." Fonda, who had come to be known among the better-dressed actors as "Homespun Hank" for his baggy appearance in "The Grapes of Wrath," "Jesse James," and "Chad Hanna," thought he was about to get a break.

"The Lady Eve" is a comedy in which Hank plays the role of a young millionaire. To portray with proper gloss the role of a rich youth he wears the following: full dress, dinner coat, white evening coat, cutaway, riding habit, silk pajamas, dressing gown, and eight sack suits. This was Heaven to Fonda after hundreds of reels in which he considered himself well-dressed if he was barely covered.

But his dream of becoming a smoothie and the heart-throb of a million lady fans was not to be realized. He wore the fine clothes all right but the script made him act like Harold Lloyd in his early performances. Hank believes that clothes make the man—and very often make him a sap.



2—Continuing his meal in a dinner coat, Henry plays the part of innocent bystander at a waiters' spat and catches an entire dish of entree in his lap.



3—Later on he tries to make love to Barbara Stanwyck, his co-star. In his third evening costume he does little better than he did in the first two.



PASTE POT PHOTOGRAPHY



2—Next the photographers make a good, clear picture of a handsome turkey, with not a starlet in sight. But perhaps you are beginning to get the idea.

3—From the first photo the man is eliminated. Maris and background are then pasted over and around the bird. The reins have been redrawn.





6—The photo of Miss Canova "driving" is cut out by an artist with the same care he shows snipping this picture. Judy is then ready to be taken for a thrill-less ride.



7—Miss Canova is pasted on an enlarged picture of the sleigh, both of which are pasted on the street photo. It's as easy as that.



THE WAR ON THESE SHORES



Last Change To Enter

This beautiful Taylorcraft Trainer, worth \$1,500, will be given away free!

LAST CALL!

This is your final opportunity to enter the great MECHANIX ILLUSTRATED contest in which a beautiful Taylorcraft airplane and a hundred other valuable prizes will be given away free.

The April issue of MECHANIX ILLUSTRATED (pictured at right) gives you all the details of this amazing contest which anyone can enter and in which anyone can win. This is the last issue through which you can enter the contest. Go to your nearest newsstand and get a copy of the magazine for only 10 cents.

You don't have to be mechanically minded to enter, and there are no essays to write. The contest involves only a simple game that anyone can play

a simple game that anyone can play.

First prize is the superb \$1,500 Taylorcraft Trainer shown above. This beautiful plane, one of the easiest and safest to fly, will be given away absolutely free.

Second prize is a Junior Scout model Indian motorcycle. Everyone knows the name Indian, and everyone will want to get this splendid machine. Remember—it's free!

Third prize is a marvelous Atlas lathe worth \$125. With this prize some lucky winner will also receive \$100

worth of equipment suitable for wood or metal turning.

Boats, guns, cameras, shop tools, sporting goods are among the other prizes. (See list below.) Get your copy of April MECHANIX ILLUSTRATED. Only 10 cents at all newsstands!

PARTIAL LIST OF PRIZES IN "MECHANIX ILLUSTRATED" CONTEST

Foldex Camera Tripod
Hein-Warner Hydraulic Jack
Uitca Duxbak Hunting Coat
Kirsten Pipe
Kirsten Cigarette Holder
Foredom De Luxe Workshop Tool Set
Iver Johnson Target Pistol
Boyce-Meier Sextant
Axel Rainsuiter (oilskin suit for sports)
Kaywoodie Pipe (for outdoors)
Skilsaw "Zephyrplane" Junior Sander

A. C. Gilbert Locomotive & Tender
Kit

Solar Enlarger
G-M Standard Exposure Meter
Hull Automobile Compass
Hull Outdoor Compass
Hull Outdoor Compass
GHQ Model Gas Engines (five them!)
K-D Adverse Weather (Fog) Lar
Atlas Lathe
Briggs & Stratton Boat Engine
Hallicrafters All-Wave Marine Ra
Polaroid Day Glasses
Ranger Model Evinrude Out

Moto Saw
GHQ Model Gas Engines (five of them!)
K-D Adverse Weather (Fog) Lamp
Atlas Lathe
Briggs & Stratton Boat Engine
Hallicrafters All-Wave Marine Radio
Polaroid Day Glasses
Ranger Model Evinrude Outboard
Motor

Fisher Junior Model Radio Direction Finder

Midwest Radio Receiver
Blackhawk Midget Socket Wrenches
Casco Electri-Craft Set
Daisy Air Rifle Finder
Federal Enlarger
Allied Radio Receiver
Ronson Table Lighter
Sheaffer Pen & Pencil Ensemble
Weed Tire Chains
De Luxe Model Handee Workshop
Tool

Arc Welder
Zenith Radio Portable
Boice Crane Co. Jig Saw
Chicago Wheel & Mfg. Co. Handee
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Delta Mfg. Co. Scroll Saw
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And Many Others

2 BIG CONTESTS—MORE THAN 100 PRIZES WIN AN AIRPLANE, MOTORCYCLE, CASH!!